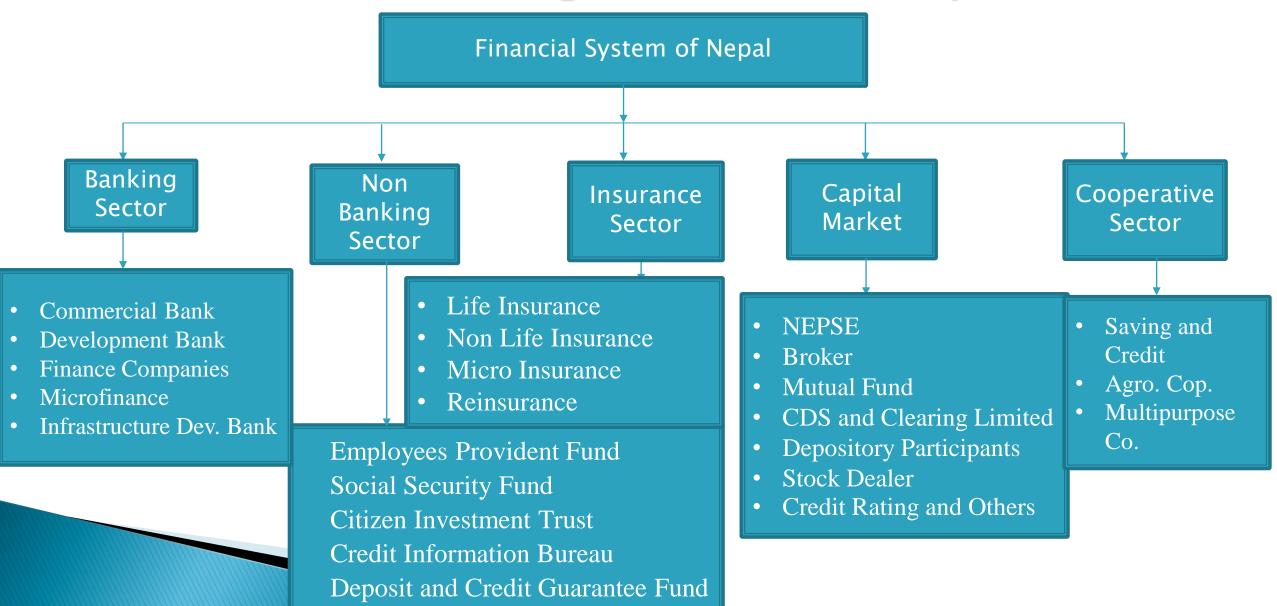
Policies for enabling Digitalization of the Cooperatives in Nepal

Gunakar Bhatta, Executive Director Pushkar Raj Bhattarai, Deputy Director Nepal Rastra Bank

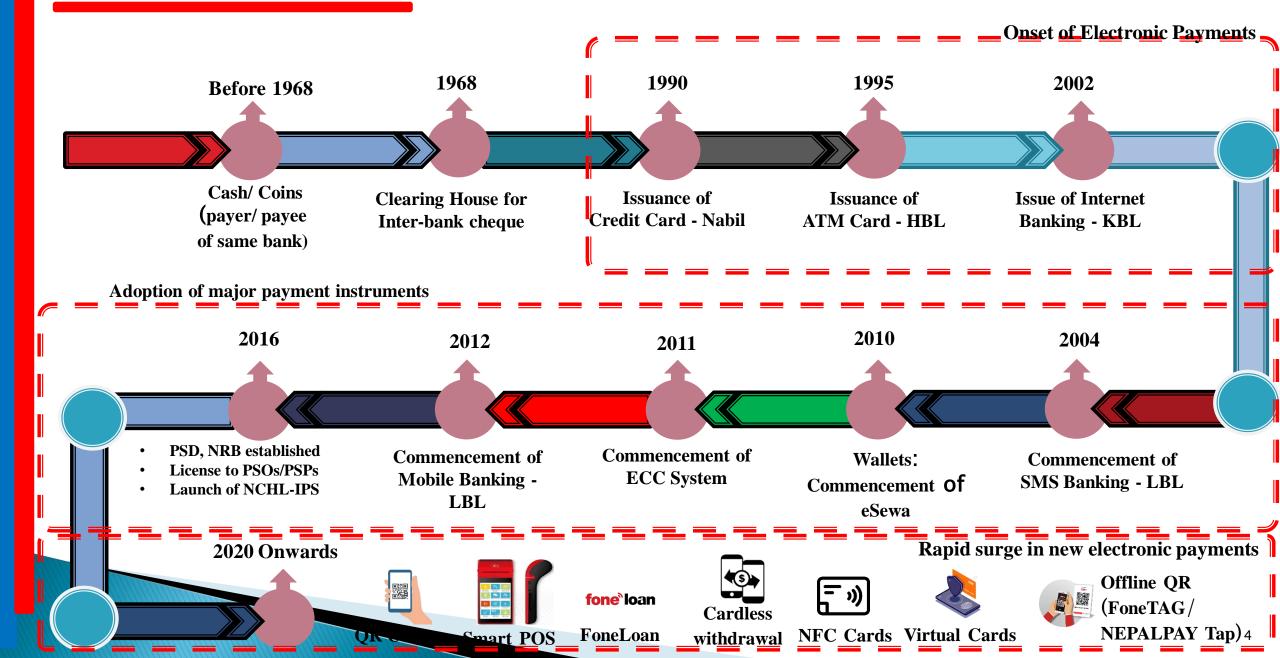
Outline of the Presentation

- Overview of the Financial System of Nepal
- Legal and Regulatory Framework of Payment System in Nepal
- Development of Payment System and Digital Payment Instruments
- Digitalization of Cooperatives in Nepal
- Policies for enabling Digitalization in Cooperatives of Nepal

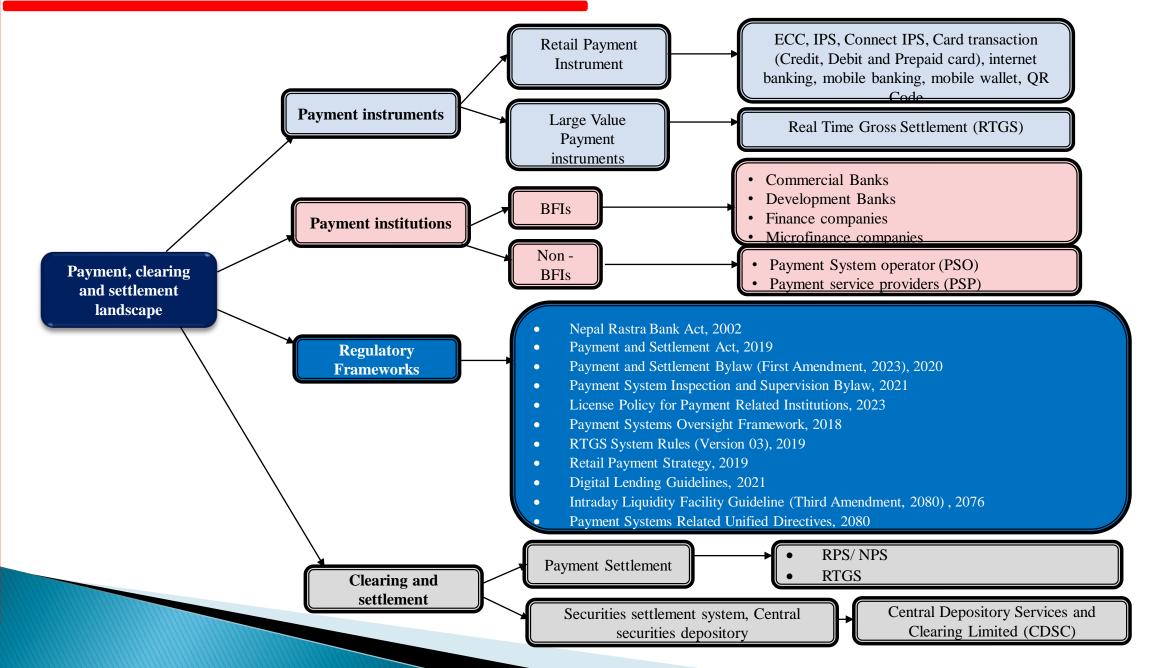
Overview of Nepal's Financial System



Development of Payment System in Nepal



Legal and Regulatory Framework of Nepal's Payment System



भुक्तानी प्रणाली सम्बन्धी परिसूचकहरु (Indicators): २०८० माघ

A. Access on Payment Systems

	Particulars	Numbers					
S.N.		2079 Asar	2079 Magh	2080 Asar	2080 Push	2080 Magh	
1	Payment System Operators (PSO) *	10	10	10	10	10	
2	Payment Service Providers (PSP) *	27	27	27	27	27	
3	PSP Agents	12,685	13,288	14,123	15,076	15,214	
4	Wallet Users	13,675,993	16,126,433	18,941,793	21,228,529	21,295,449	
5	ATM Machines (Terminals)	4,602	4,692	4,855	5,064	5,078	
6	Debit Cards	10,856,357	12,305,506	12,245,485	12,432,281	12,524,121	
7	Credit Cards	238,794	278,323	283,772	279,346	282,945	
8	Prepaid Cards**	108,641	127,736	139,777	155,925	160,725	
9	Mobile Banking Customers	18,307,255	20,036,524	21,363,989	23,215,180	23,506,028	
10	Internet Banking Customers	1,684,310	1,764,801	1,856,195	1,808,359	1,835,849	
11	Branch Less Banking Centers	1,548	1,437	1,319	1,221	1,213	
12	RTGS Participants	49	46	44	44	44	
13	connectIPS Users	896,341	1,022,271	1,108,436	1,197,705	1,214,678	
14	ECC Members	59	55	53	54	54	
15	IPS Members	111	113	115	120	122	

* Other than BFIs

** Also includes card issued by PSPs

भुक्तानी प्रणाली सम्बन्धी परिसूचकहरु (Indicators): २०८० माघ

B. Usage of Payment Systems

	Particulars	No. of Transaction						
S.N.		2079 Asar	2079 Magh	2080 Asar	2080 Push	2080 Magh		
1	RTGS	81,817	62,544	76,307	62,970	66,698		
2	ATM-Cash Withdrawal	10,169,331	9,551,897	11,042,117	10,455,659	10,711,574		
3	ECC	1,486,551	979,244	1,336,586	969,752	962,825		
4	IPS	1,322,174	1,713,585	1,808,046	2,064,326	4,539,379		
5	connectIPS	4,270,099	4,299,311	5,571,691	5,563,274	5,673,135		
6	Debit Cards	11,127,683	10,186,662	11,838,532	11,222,577	11,417,089		
7	Credit Cards	227,920	213,497	262,057	251,714	256,197		
8	Prepaid Cards	57,942	59,538	73,017	89,627	98,155		
9	Internet Banking	318,598	258,412	315,202	273,286	264,840		
10	Mobile Banking	20,564,308	22,216,080	28,903,872	33,224,078	33,852,704		
11	Branchless Banking	69,465	81,939	73,215	55,725	79,548		
12	Wallet	16,206,356	16,960,828	20,822,861	21,388,368	22,727,369		
13	QR-Based Payments	4,281,994	5,782,265	9,766,216	12,586,268	13,157,762		
14	Point of Sales (POS)	1,173,548	825,706	1,035,206	993,646	931,189		
15	E-Commerce***	68,944	76,511	94,509	112,993	126,870		

tine navment using cards

भुक्तानी प्रणाली सम्बन्धी परिसूचकहरु (Indicators): २०८० माघ

B. Usage of Payment Systems

	Particulars	Total Amount (Rs. in Million)					
S.N.		2079 Asar	2079 Magh	2080 Asar	2080 Push	2080 Magh	
1	RTGS	4,349,056	2,295,804	2,983,930	2,629,048	2,822,861	
2	ATM-Cash Withdrawal	79,458	77,041	86,964	84,422	86,485	
3	ECC	850,649	474,625	718,755	509,066	479,291	
4	IPS	275,752	171,531	323,816	204,296	198,546	
5	connectIPS	369,223	328,034	498,453	454,950	452,718	
6	Debit Cards	83,200	79,694	90,541	88,070	89,744	
7	Credit Cards	1,490	1,345	1,830	1,767	1,776	
8	Prepaid Cards	458	407	447	634	599	
9	Internet Banking	15,638	12,419	15,502	14,808	13,787	
10	Mobile Banking	163,255	172,119	233,446	282,241	289,387	
11	Branchless Banking	1,503	1,572	1,433	1,209	1,607	
12	Wallet	17,752	17,118	20,326	23,084	23,872	
13	QR-Based Payments	14,526	17,765	30,148	38,596	37,734	
14	Point of Sales (POS)	5,183	3,887	5,244	5,322	4,975	
15	E-Commerce***	504	510	605	724	656	

*** Online pay ant using cards

क्युआर कोडमार्फत भारतबाट नेपालमा प्राप्त भुक्तानीको क्षेत्रगत विवरण : (फागुन १६ -२८ सम्म)

S. No.	Category	Transaction Count	Percentage Share	Transaction (Rs.)	Percentage Share
1	Departmental Stores	1,078	18.77	28,42,919	22.55
2	Eating places and Restaurants	449	7.82	4,96,782	3.94
3	Clothing Stores	315	5.49	5,69,785	4.52
4	Small Hotels, Lodge and Hostels	311	5.42	7,27,940	5.77
5	Variety Stores (E.g. Local Kirana Shops)	212	3.69	2,70,508	2.15
6	Khaja Ghar and Bakery Shops	206	3.59	2,53,392	2.01
7	Communication Centre (E.g. Cyber Cafes)	178	3.10	7,33,571	5.82
8	Star Hotel and Resorts	170	2.96	5,52,379	4.38
9	Supermarkets	165	2.87	2,60,802	2.07
10	Fast Food and Cafes	114	1.99	2,21,569	1.76
11	Others	2,544	44.31	56,75,917	45.03
	Total	5,742	100.00	12,605,563	100.00

क्युआर कोडमार्फत भारतबाट नेपालमा प्राप्त भुक्तानीको प्रदेशगत विवरण : (फागुन १६ -२८ सम्म)

S. No.	Province	Transaction Count	Percentage Weight	Transaction Volume	Percentage Weight
1	Koshi	344	5.99	667,057	5.29
2	Madhesh	631	10.99	1,079,223	8.56
3	Bagmati	1,386	24.14	3,160,038	25.07
4	Gandaki	335	5.83	618,453	4.91
5	Lumbini	603	10.50	1,464,404	11.62
6	Karnali	199	3.47	698,487	5.54
7	Sudurpaschim	2,244	39.08	4,917,901	39.01
	TOTAL	5,742	100.00	12,605,563	100.00

<u>नेपाल-भारत बीच क्युआर कोड मार्फत हुने अन्तरदेशीय भुक्तानी सहज गराउने सम्बन्धमा NRB र RBI बीच</u> TOR मा हस्ताक्षर सम्पन्न भएको

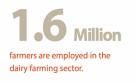
- फेब्रुअरी १४, २०२४ मा NRB र RBI बीच Terms of Reference (TOR) मा हस्ताक्षर सम्पन्न भएको ।
- Nepal Clearing House Limited (NCHL) को NPI र NPCI International Payment Limited (NIPL) को UPI बीच System Integration गरेर दुई देश विच क्युआर कोडमार्फत हुने कारोबारहरुलाई P to P र P to M तहमा सहज बनाउने सहमति भएको ।
- फोनपे क्युआरमार्फत भारतीय संस्थाहरुले जारी गरेको क्युआरबाट नेपालमा भुक्तानी लिन सकिने भएको ।

Cooperatives in Nepal - Legal Development

1959	The Cooperative Society Act of 1959 was the first law on cooperatives in Nepal. Due to political instability in the country at that time, the law could not be adequately enforced.
1961	The law was amended, and the Cooperative Society Rules were passed which introduced the mutuality concept 'Sajha' in Nepal. The activities under Sajha were used to promote the Panchayat system. The government took control of independent cooperatives which were used as tools to deliver goods and services as per its direction.
1984	The Common Associations (Sajha Snastha) Act of 1984 replaced the previous law and modified the existing Sajha Programme for cooperative development.
1992	After the repeal of the Sajha Act, the Cooperatives Act of 1992 was passed by the newly elected government based on the ICA principles
2017	The Cooperatives Act of 2017 was adopted after the proclamation of the Constitution of Nepal in 2015. The Act consolidated all prevailing laws on cooperatives in different sectors and provided for the development of cooperatives in a federal structure.
2019	Cooperatives Rules were enacted to fully implement the Cooperative Act of 2017.
	In August 16, 1988, the NEFSCUN was formed. NCF was founded on June 20, 1993 based on the universally accepted cooperative values and principles.

Digitalization in Cooperatives

DIGITIZING THE DAIRY VALUE CHAIN **IN NEPAL**



There are more than 3.500 Prabhu Money Transfer agents in Nepal

1 FAO, 'Dairy Sector Study of Nepal,' 2016. Available from

http://nepalagritech.com.np/wp-content/uploads/ 2016/10/Dairy-Sector-in-Nepal-FAO.pdf ²³ UNCDF MM4P, 'Agriculture Digital Linkage Study (Thapathali, Nepal, August 2017), Available from http://www.uncdf.org/article/2514/nepal-agricultu re-digital-linkage-study



MM4P

In Nepal, the dairy sector is often organized and managed by cooperatives. The dairy sector contributes 9% to the GDP and

employs 1.6 million farmers. There are more than 1,700 dairy

cooperatives, each with a member base of 200 to 2,000

farmers. The cooperatives employ 20,000 individuals.²

Prabhu Management, part of the larger Prabhu Group. operates a network of 3,500 agents for Prabhu Money

Transfer (a remittance company) and other companies in

Nepal. Prabhu Management is expanding its business to

chain is marred with payment flow challenges that affect

With a grant and technical support from the UN Capital

Development Fund programme MM4P, Prabhu Management

has initiated a pilot project in Bhaktapur to digitize payments

in the dairy value chain. These payments, made through a

mobile wallet in a community-based organization such as a

dairy cooperative, together with other innovations can bring

simple and seamless formal financial services like credit and

insurance to farmers who are currently unbanked

farmers' income and profitability.³

digital financial services in rural areas by looking at the dairy value chain as a potential use case. However, the dairy value

COPOMIS संचालनका लागि आवश्यक पूर्वाधार :

- फन्ट तया प्रविष्टीः विवरण भर्नको लागि कम्प्यूटरमा अक्षर नेपा यनिकोड (Traditional वा Romanized) फन्टमा प्रविष्टि गर्नु पर्ने
- · अंकको प्रविष्टी: अंकहरुको प्रविष्टि अंग्रेजीमा (Roman) गर्नु पर्ने,
- इन्टरनेट सविधाः यो सफवेयर पणाली संचालन गर्न कम्प्युटर संचालनमा न्यूनतम इन्टरनेट संविधा 1 Mbps Bandwidth को हन् आवश्यक पर्ने
- Hard Disk: 500 GB वा सो भन्दा माथि हनपर्ने,
- RAM: 2 GB वा सो भन्दा माथि हनपर्ने.
- Processor: Core 2 Duo वा सो भन्दा माथि हनुपर्ने
- Scanner: JPEG, JPG, PNG, GIF Format मा स्क्यान हुनुपर्ने,
- · Operating System: Windows अथवा सो संग मिल्ने भए हुने,

संक्षिप्त परिचय

नेपाल सरकार

सहकारी विभाग

तयाँ बानेश्वर, काठमाडौँ

- · Web Browser: Firefox, Google Chrome, Internet Explorer, Safari an अरु कनै भए हने.
- · Image Editing Tool: Ms Paint, Adobe Photoshop or Similar भए हने।

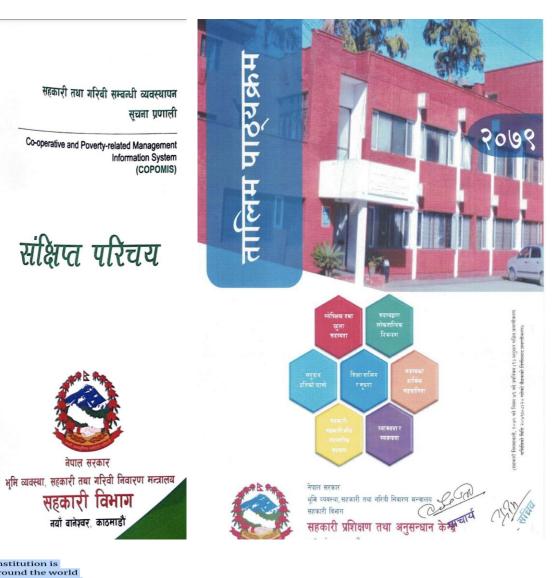
COPOMIS संचालन विधि :

- · क्नैपनि वेभवाउजर मार्फत www.copomis.gov.np वाट लगिन गर्न सकिने
- ७६१ नियामक निकायवाटे यो प्रणालीको संचालनका लागि User Name र Password प्राप्त गर्न सकिने.
- सहकारी संघसंस्थाहरुले आफनो नियमनकारी जिल्लयवाट संस्थाको आधिकारिक इमेल ठेगाना खलाई पत्र महल्ल User Name र Password लिन पर्ने,
- सहकारी विभागबाट जारी गरिएको स्टब्स आजान फारम (KYM) मा रहेको विवरणको अतिरिक्त राजना विवरण समेत प्रविष्टि गर्नपर्ने
- सहकारी संघसंस्थाहरुले आफनो आधारभत विवरणहरु (मासिक पगति साधारण सभाको निर्णय समष्टिगत विवरण सम्पत्ति शदीकरण सम्बन्धी प्रतिवेदन, निर्वाचनको विवरण, सदस्यको विवरण आदि) र प्रणालीमा व्यवस्था भए वमोजिमका अन्य विवरण अभिलेख प्रविष्टि गर्नपर्ने ।

Introduction of Core Banking System

The central engine that runs the core operations of the banking and financial institution is known as the Core Banking Software (CBS). Banking and financial sectors all around the world have embraced ICT to facilitate their customers with efficient services and innovative products through multichannel. Similarly, commercial and development banks have been using the CBS for the past few decades.

This Core Banking System has been introduced in the world of Cooperative and Microfinance as well. InfoDevelopers Pvt. Ltd. is the first IT company in Nepal to introduce a core banking system for Cooperative and Microfinance institutions in Nepal. The company introduced separate CBS for Cooperative and Microfinance as per their requirements. While of inity is a core banking



Policies for Digitalization of Cooperatives

Strengthening of PACS through Computerization : India

In order to strengthen PACS, project for Computerization of **63,000 functional PACS** with a total financial outlay of **2,516 Crore** has been approved by the Government of India, which entails bringing all functional PACS in the Country onto a common ERP based **national software, linking them with NABARD** through St CBs and DCCBs. A total of 62,318 PACS from 28 States/UTs have been sanctioned under the project.

Government Initiation is must?

- Digital Financial Literacy through Associations
- Kisan Card to members of cooperatives
- Micro-ATMs to Cooperative Societies for providing doorsteps financial services
- Common Service Centers (CSCs) for better access to e-services
- Strengthen the Digital Nepal Framework
- Capacity Enhancement of National Cooperative Bank
- Use of Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD) Technology for farmers

Thank You